

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

3-Amino-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-9,10-dihydrophenanthrene-2,4-dicarbonitrile

Abdullah M. Asiri,^{a,b,‡} Abdulrahman O. Al-Youbi,^a Hassan M. Faidallah,^a Seik Weng Ng^c and Edward R. T. Tiekink^{c*}

^aChemistry Department, Faculty of Science, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, ^bThe Center of Excellence for Advanced Materials Research, King Abdulaziz University, PO Box 80203, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, University of Malaya, 50603 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Correspondence e-mail: edward.tiekink@gmail.com

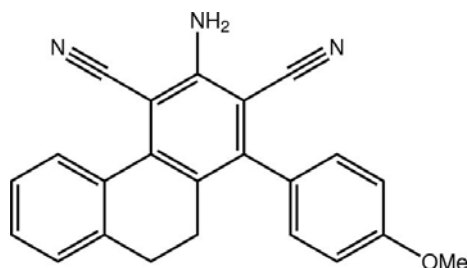
Received 17 August 2011; accepted 18 August 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.048; wR factor = 0.116; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.4.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}$, significant deviations from planarity are evidenced. This is quantified in the dihedral angles formed between the central amino-benzene ring and the benzene rings of the methoxybenzene [67.93 (8)°] and 1,2-dihydronaphthalene [28.27 (8)°] residues. In the crystal the amino-H atoms form hydrogen bonds to the methoxy-O atom and to one of the cyano-N atoms to generate a two-dimensional array with a zigzag topology that stacks along the $(\bar{1} \bar{1} 1)$ plane.

Related literature

For background to the biological activity of related compounds, see: Aly *et al.* (1991); Al-Saadi *et al.* (2005); Rostom *et al.* (2011). For ring conformational analysis, see: Cremer & Pople (1975). For a related structure, see: Asiri *et al.* (2011).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $M_r = 351.40$

‡ Additional correspondence author, e-mail: aasiri2@kau.edu.sa.

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ $a = 9.0212$ (4) Å $b = 22.1475$ (8) Å $c = 9.3114$ (4) Å $\beta = 110.410$ (5)° $V = 1743.60$ (12) Å³ $Z = 4$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.08$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K $0.25 \times 0.25 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Agilent Technologies SuperNova
Dual diffractometer with Atlas
detector

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)

 $T_{\min} = 0.714$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

8688 measured reflections
3890 independent reflections
2953 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ $wR(F^2) = 0.116$ $S = 1.04$

3890 reflections

252 parameters

2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.23$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.89 (1)	2.21 (1)	3.0307 (19)	154 (2)
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{N1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.88 (1)	2.33 (1)	3.115 (2)	149 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x - 1, -y, -z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors thank King Abdulaziz University and the University of Malaya for supporting this study.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5084).

References

- Agilent (2010). *CrysAlis PRO*. Agilent Technologies, Yarnton, Oxfordshire, England.
- Al-Saadi, S. M., Rostom, S. A. F. & Faid Allah, H. M. (2005). *Alexandria J. Pharm. Sci.*, **19**, 15–21.
- Aly, A. S., El-Ezabawy, S. R. & Abdel-Fattah, A. M. (1991). *Egypt. J. Pharm. Sci.*, **32**, 827–834.
- Asiri, A. M., Al-Youbi, A. O., Faidallah, H. M., Ng, S. W. & Tiekink, E. R. T. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2438.
- Brandenburg, K. (2006). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Cremer, D. & Pople, J. A. (1975). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **97**, 1354–1358.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Rostom, S. A. F., Faidallah, S. M. & Al Saadi, M. S. (2011). *Med. Chem. Res.* DOI: 10.1007/s00044-010-9469-0.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.